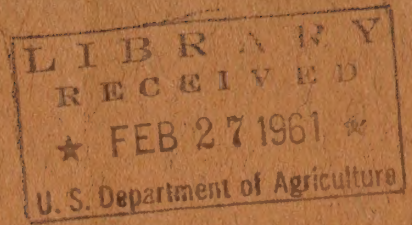


62

Nu

VALLEY VIEW NURSERIES
 748 South Queen St.
 York, Pennsylvania



PRICES

SPRING, 1961

Chinese Chestnuts - grafted		
Varieties: Nanking, Meiling, Abundance		
Two year old grafts	4 - 5 feet	\$3.50 each
One year old grafts	2 - 3 feet	3.00
Chinese Chestnuts - Seedlings		
Two and three years old	4 - 5 feet	2.50
One year old seedlings	18 - 24 inches	1.00
Chinese chestnut seed - Nanking and Abundance		.65 lb. postpaid
Persian Walnuts - grafted		
Varieties: Alpine, Bedford, Burtner, Colby Gerstermaier, McKinster, and Meister		
One year old grafts	3 - 4 feet	4.00 each
Two year old grafts	4 - 6 feet	5.50
Grafted Black Walnut		
Stabler Variety - 3 year grafts, 5 - 7 feet		6.00
Our Stabler black walnut trees are too large for packing for shipment. Above prices at nursery only.		
A few one year grafts of other varieties		3.50 each
GRAFTED ORIENTAL PERSIMMONS		
Varieties: Sheng and Peiping		
One year grafts		4.00
Two year grafts		6.00
GRAFTED AMERICAN PERSIMMON		
Varieties: Miller, Josephine and Early Golden		
One year old grafts	2 - 3 ft.	3.00
Two year old grafts	3 - 5 ft.	5.00

Chinese chestnuts are self sterile. Plant two or more varieties to provide for pollenation. Some Persian Walnuts are self pollenating but it is safer to plant at least two varieties to insure bearing.

All prices cash f.o.b. nursery. Add 10% for packing for Parcel Post or Express shipment. Parcel post charges extra.

Trees will be shipped by Express if so desired. Bare roots will be carefully bundled and tops properly cut back.

Sales tax must be added to all prices.

Telephone: York 28191

GEORGE G. WEBER
 748 S. Queen St.
 York, Pa.

NUT TREE PLANTING

The first essential in tree planting is to have good trees. Thrifty, well-grown young trees one year or not over two years old, with plenty of fibrous roots should be selected. Be sure to keep the roots protected to prevent drying out before planting. Prune broken roots.

Dig a hole which is several inches deeper and wider than the depth and width of the roots on the tree to be planted. Place the top soil and subsoil on separate piles when you dig the hole.

Soil should not be too wet when planting trees. Put top soil in the hole first and work it thoroughly among the roots and then pack this soil firmly with a tamping stick. After sufficient topsoil has been packed into cover the roots, the remainder of the soil may be mixed with peat moss or thoroughly rotted sawdust. Keep this mixture completely above the roots.

Now fill the hole loosely with this mixture and then tramp or tamp firmly. This will leave the hole probably three-fourth full. Next put on a large bucket of water--2 or 3 gallons. Give the water time to soak in. Finally, fill the hole completely with the soil-peat or sawdust mixture. Do not tramp this final filling after the water has been added.

Starter solution instead of water alone, may be used at planting time. Commercial "starter" fertilizers may be bought and diluted according to directions. If no commercial starter materials are available, 10 ounces of Nitrate of Soda or 8 ounces of Sulfate of Ammonia to ten gallons of water may be used. Dissolve the chemicals completely before applying the solution to the trees.

If you have access to an old pile of rotten sawdust, it would help to mulch the newly planted tree 3 to 4 inches deep over a four to five foot circular area. This will help hold the moisture. You can help your trees to live and grow by providing additional water at weekly intervals during the first season.

Prune the tree at planting time. Cut the top one-third to one-half so as to reduce the leaf surface in proportion to the reduced root system resulting from digging and transplanting the tree. Be sure that several good buds remain on each of the pruned branches.

Another desirable thing to do to help your nut tree to survive and thrive is to wrap the trunk loosely to the lower branches with heavy building paper. This should be air space between the trunk and the paper. The very best product for wrapping is aluminum coated building paper.

The suggestions above are given so that you will know what you can do to get the best results from nut tree planting. It is a mistake to think that nut trees will succeed if neglected. Favorable conditions of soil fertility and moisture are essential. If carefully planted and protected, your nut trees will grow into attractive large trees and when conditions are favorable, produce crops of desirable nuts.

If you are interested in learning more about nut tree varieties, culture, and propagation, we suggest you join the Penna. Nut Growers' Ass'n. For further information contact G. G. Weber, Sec.-Treas; 748 S. Queen St., York, Pa.